

# Properties of polymeric films, modified in glowing charge plasma

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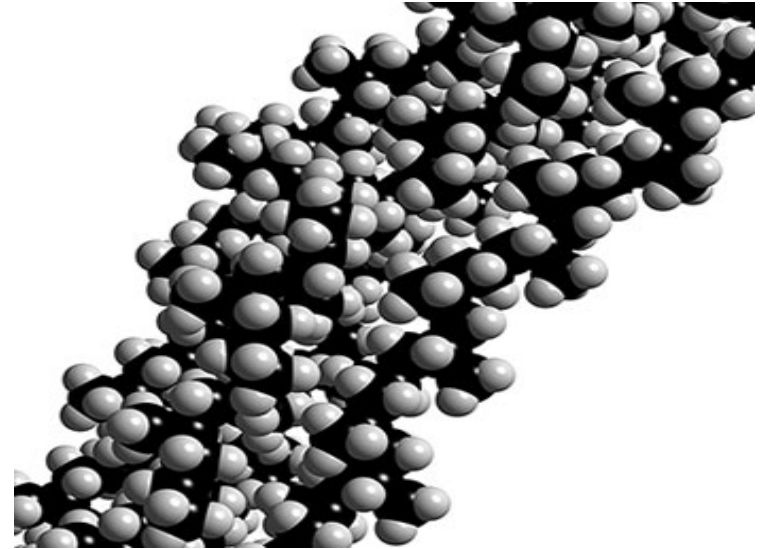




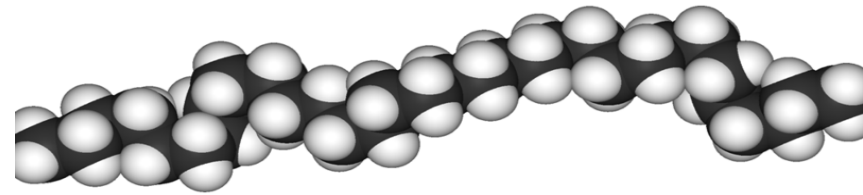
Frequently polymeric films are used as a packaging material for foods as well as for other products.

# Subjects of inquiry description

- **Polypropylene (PP)**



- **Polyethylene of low density (PELD)**



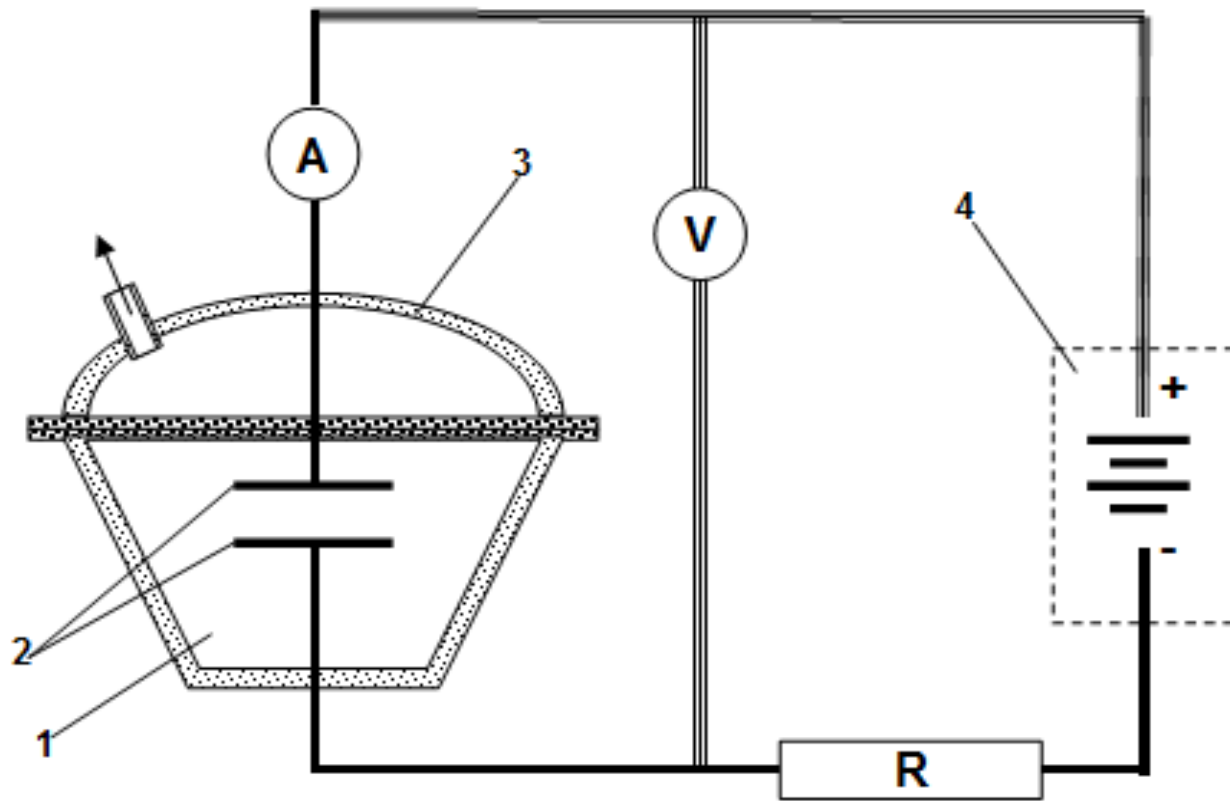
# Properties of polypropylene and high pressure polyethylene films

Film type	PP	PELD
Thickness, mm	0,1	0,1
Density, g/sm <sup>3</sup>	0,90-0,91	0,918-0,935
Ultimate tensile strength, %	200-800	150-600
Tensile strength, MPa	25-40	12-16
Melting point, C	160-170	105-108
Bending modulus of elasticity, MPa	670-1900	150-250
Tensile yield stress , MPa	25-35	9-10

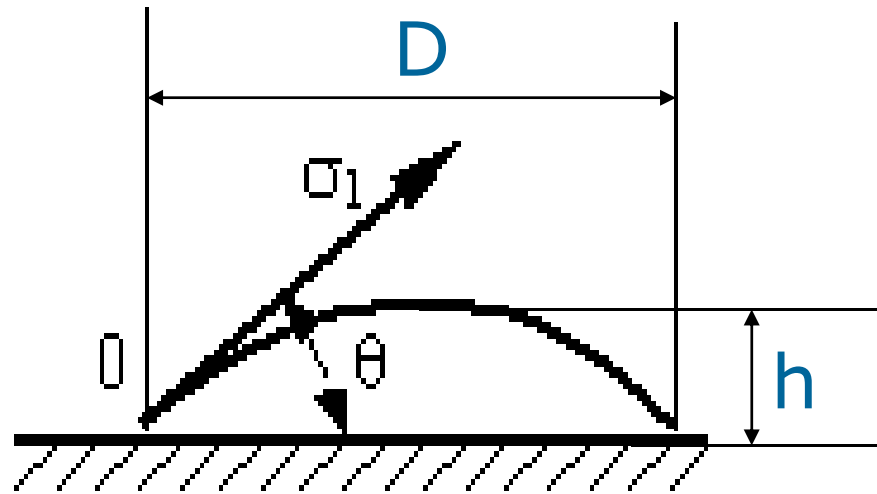


# Properties of the solvents

<b>Substance</b>	<b>Hexane</b>	<b>Isopropanolamine</b>
<b>Density, <math>\rho</math> <math>10^{-3}</math> kg/m<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>0,6595</b>	<b>0,7851</b>
<b>Boiling-point, C</b>	<b>68,7</b>	<b>94,2</b>
<b>Surface tension, <math>\sigma</math> <math>10^3</math> N/m</b>	<b>18,42</b>	<b>21,7</b>
<b>Solubility parameter</b>	<b>7,6</b>	<b>11,9</b>



Scheme of the setup for modification polymeric materials with glowing charge, 1 – chamber, 2 – electrodes, 3 - chamber cover, 4 - constant-current source.



$$W = \sigma_1 (1 + \cos \theta)$$

$$\text{tg} \theta = (2 r \cdot h) / (r^2 - h^2) \quad r - \text{radius}$$

- $\sigma_1$  - surface tension of liquid,
- $D$  - diameter of the drop,
- $h$  - height of the drop,
- $\theta$  - limiting wetting angle.



# Experimental results

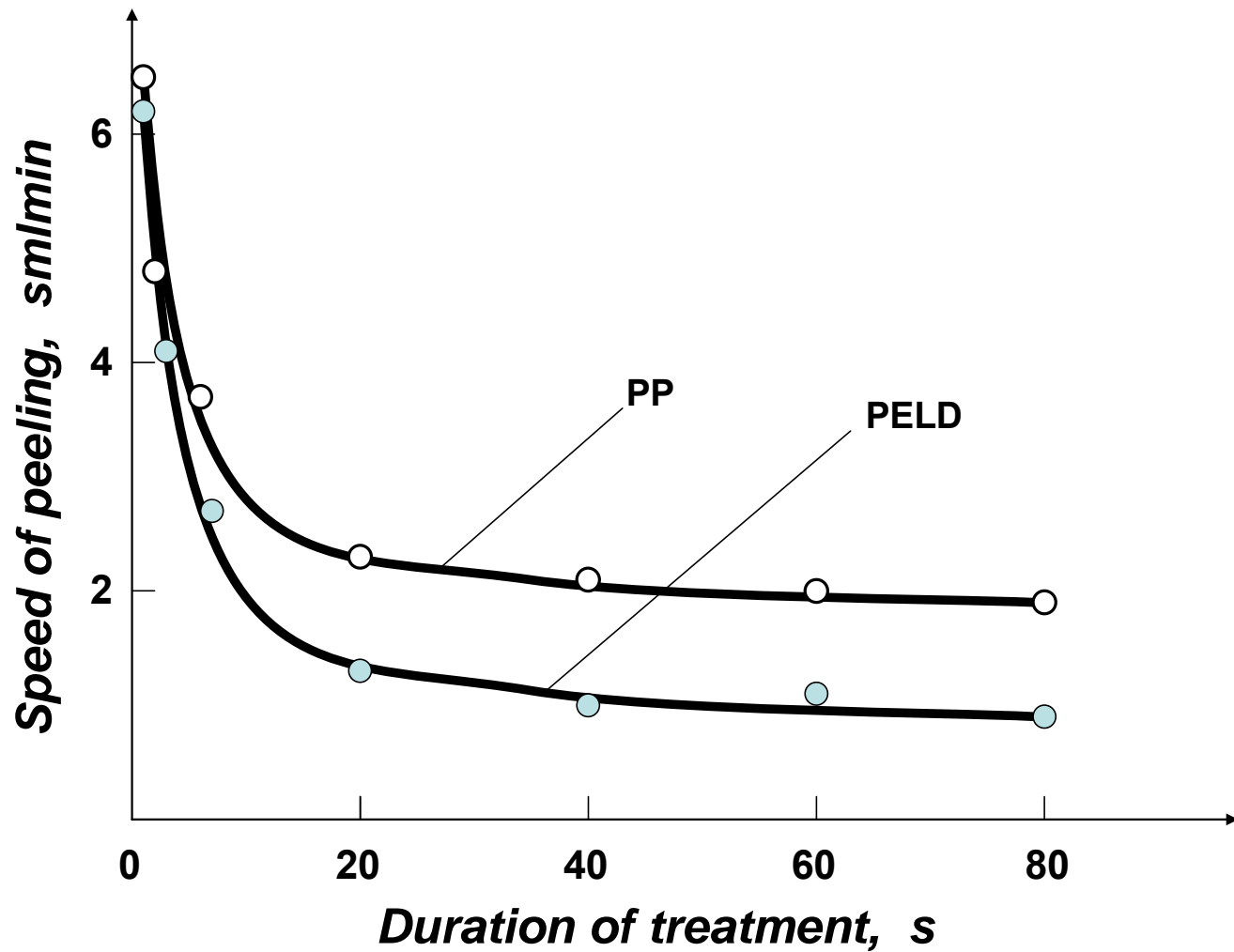
Type of the pattern	Limiting wetting angle, degree	
	H <sub>2</sub> O	Ethylene glycol
Non modified	67 2	64 2
Modified	56 2	23 2



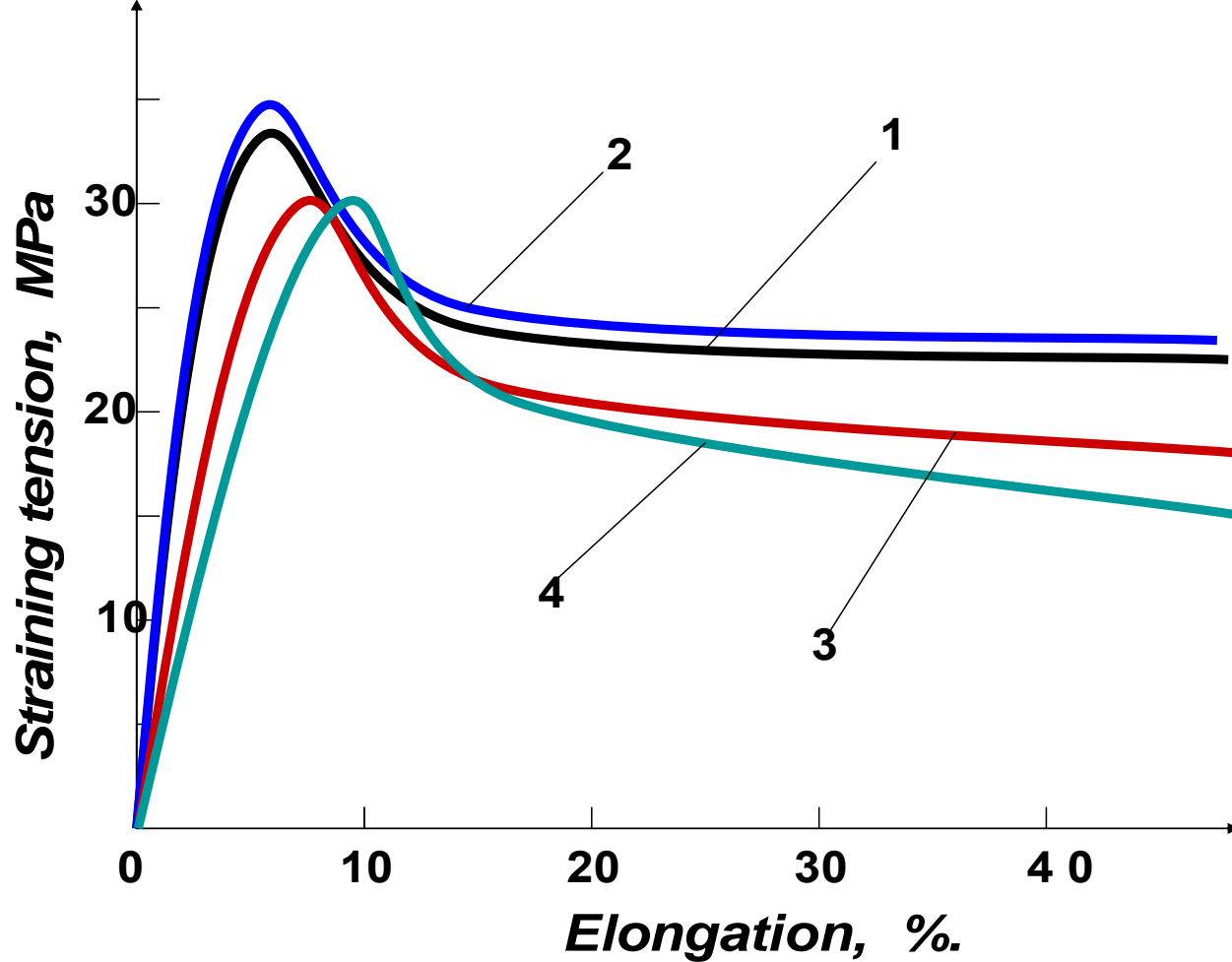
Surface energy of polymeric films were calculated using the equation:

$$(\cos \Theta + 1)\gamma_L = 2(\gamma_S^D \gamma_L^D)^{1/2} + 2(\gamma_S^P \gamma_L^P)^{1/2}$$

	<b>Surface energy, mN/m</b>	
<b>Type of the pattern</b>	<b>PP</b>	<b>PE</b>
<b>Non modified</b>	<b>36,0</b>	<b>34,8</b>
<b>Modified</b>	<b>46,8</b>	<b>48,2</b>

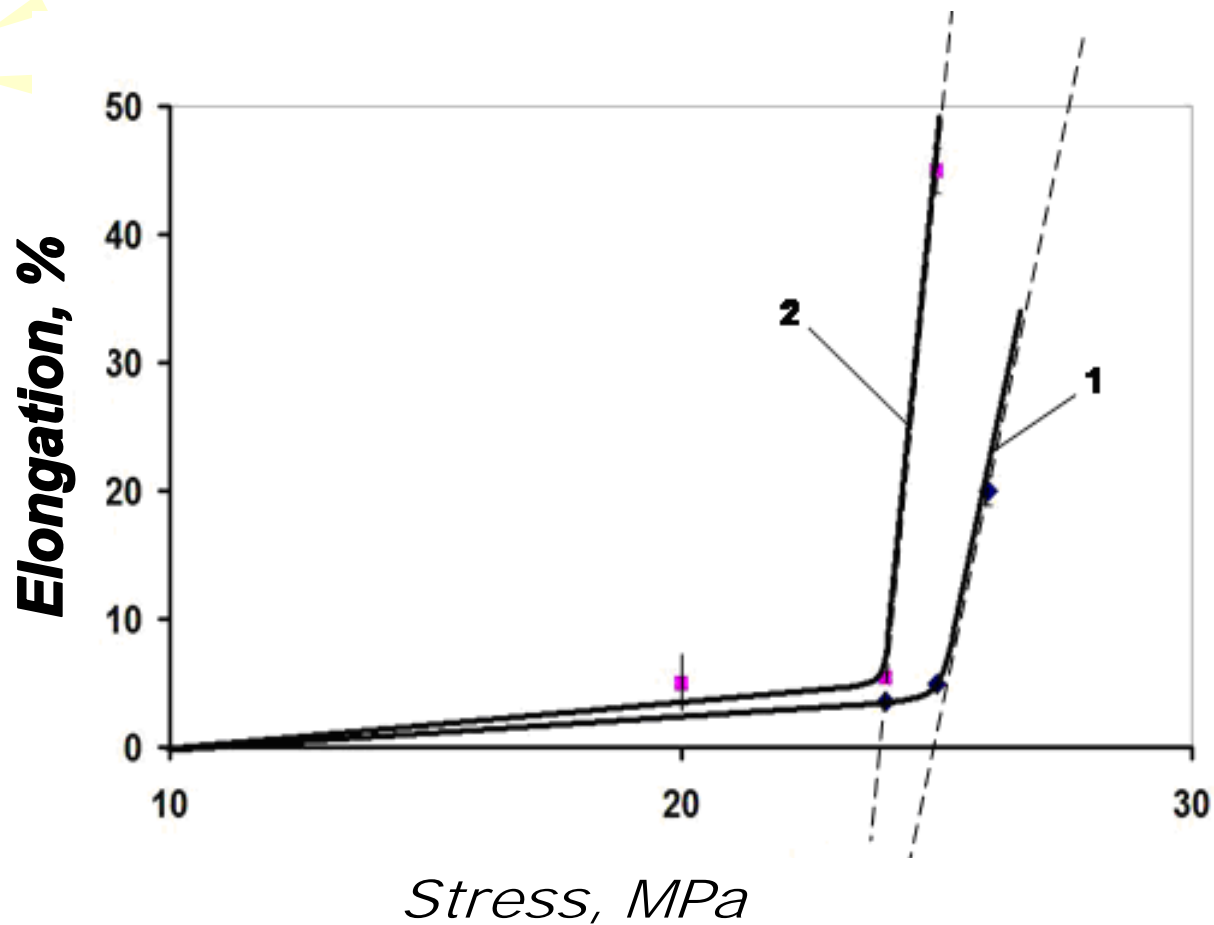


The dependence of adhesive ability of PELD and PP films on the duration of modification in glowing charge.

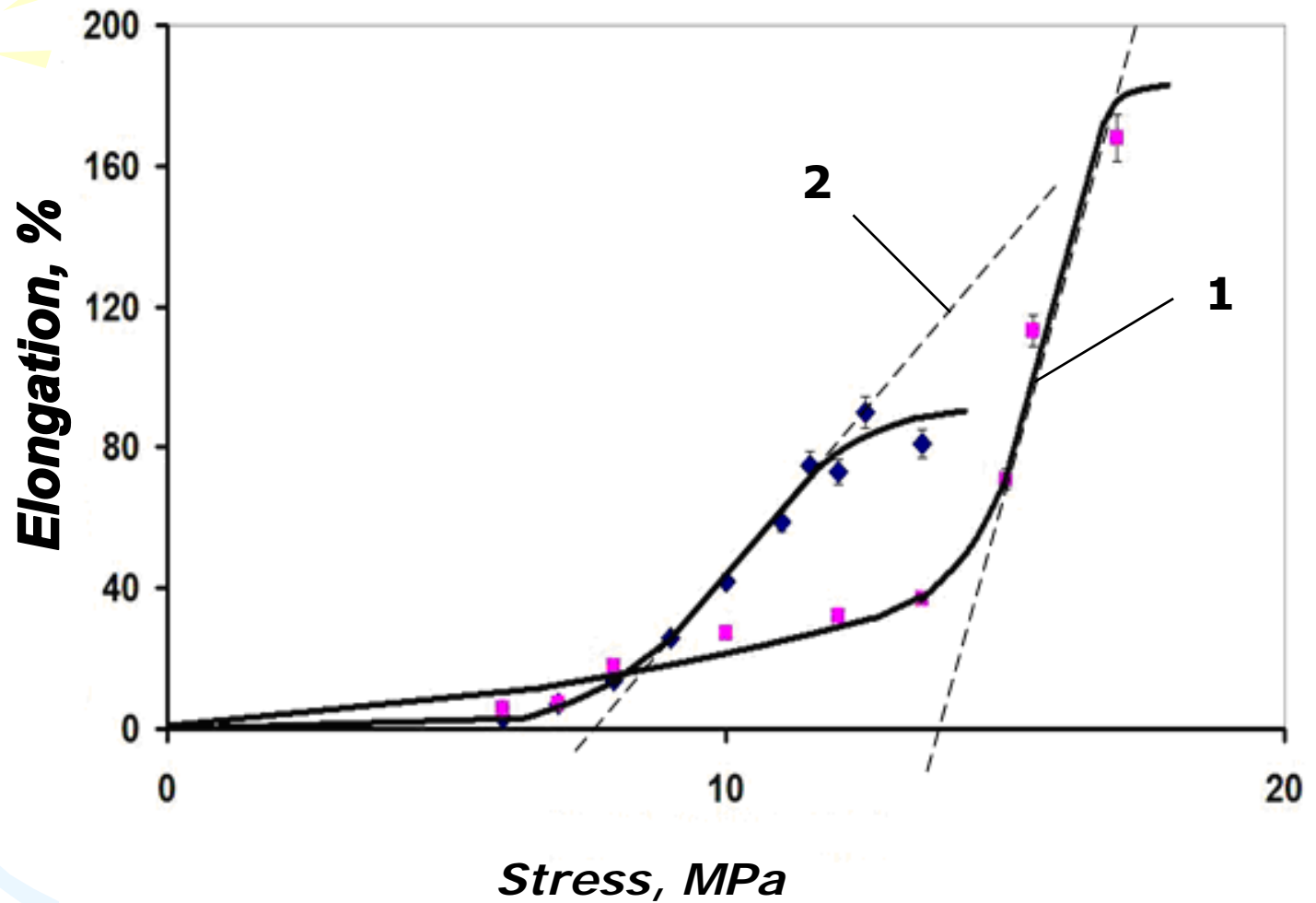


Deformative curvs of polypropylene film patterns:

- 1 – pattern wasn't treated with glowing charge, tested in the air
- 2 – pattern treated with glowing charge and tested in the air,
- 3 – pattern treated with glowing charge and tested in isopropanolamine,
- 4 – pattern treated with glowing charge and tested in hexane.



**Creeping of PP film in the air:**  
**1 – modified pattern**  
**2 – original pattern**



**Creeping of PP film in the hexane:**  
**1 – modified pattern**  
**2 – original pattern**

# Summary

- Modification of polymeric films (PELD, PP) with glowing charge may lead to increasing of printing quality by essential growing of adhesive ability of modified films surface.
- Modification polymeric films surface with glowing charge practically doesn't decrease their physical-mechanical properties, but at the same time creeping of polymeric material in organic solvents distinctly decreases with growing of critical stress  $\sigma_{crit}$  practically twice.

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide features three balloons: a light green one at the top, a light blue one in the middle, and a light purple one at the bottom. Each balloon is attached to a streamer and has several small yellow triangular shapes around it, resembling confetti or streamer ends.

**Thank you for your  
attention**